

### **Answers for Tuesday's main activities**

# Task 3

Various representations for Rosie's and Amir's as long as they show that Amir's is less than Rosie's and Rosie's is more than nearly full.

#### Canonbury Home Learning

Year 1 Maths

Date: Wednesday 29.4.2020

LO: To measure the capacity of different containers using non-standard units of measure.

#### **Success Criteria:**

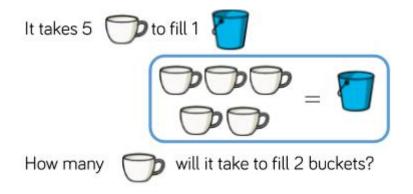
- 1. Find a range of different containers
- 2. Use water or sand
- 3. Measure the capacity using non-standard units of measure

#### Model

Understand that the unit of measure must stay the same, for example the same cup, the same spoon etc.

Measure accurately and make each container or non-standard measure full.

The capacity of the \_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_ teacups.



What about 3 buckets? How many teacups will it take to fill 3 buckets?

#### Practical task

Find a large container and a smaller container (ask permission in the kitchen). Investigate how many small containers it takes to fill the larger containers. First make a prediction, then see if you are correct. Send us some photos on Classdojo if you can.



## Canonbury Home Learning



Year 1 Maths

Main activity Complete at least 2 tasks, more if you can.

<u>Task 1</u>	<u>Task 2</u>
4 glasses of water fill 1 jug.	4 glasses of water fill 1 jug. Eva uses 20 glasses of water.
a) How many glasses will fill 2 jugs?	
	How many jugs can she fill?
	Eva can fill jugs.

## Canonbury Home Learning



<u>Task 3</u>	<u>Task 4</u>
Teddy pours these 6 glasses of juice.  He uses a whole bottle of juice.	It takes 8 glasses of water to fill a jug.  It takes 3 jugs of water to fill a bucket.
The bottle has a capacity of 6 glasses.	
Do you agree with Teddy?	How many <b>glasses</b> of water fill a bucket?
Discuss with your adult.	What else can you find out?