Canonbury Home Learning
Year 2/3 Maths
Steppingstone activity

Lesson 1 – 15.06.2020

LO: To compare mass

### **Success Criteria:**

- 1. Watch the song about comparing mass <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-cjPApFuGLM">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-cjPApFuGLM</a>
- 2. Read about how we compare the mass of objects.
- 3. Find objects at home and compare the mass of them, use the words heavier and lighter to describe them to an adult.
- 4. Compare the objects on each of the scales. Write a sentence like: The pencil is lighter than the shoe...

### Model:

1.



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-cjPApFuGLM

3.

Find pairs of objects around you to compare and work out which is the lighter of the two and which is the heavier.

Hold one object in each hand and stretch your arms out to the side, so you are standing like a balance scale. Now compare the weights of the objects and decide which is heavier.

Can you find two objects that feel equal to each other in weight?

## 2.

# How do we compare the mass of objects?

When comparing the mass of objects, we use these words:

heavier and heaviest

lighter and lightest

We can say:

The pencil is lighter than the shoe.

The shoe is heaviest.















### Canonbury Home Learning Year 2/3 Maths



<u>Lesson 1 – 15.06.2020</u>

LO: To compare mass

### Success Criteria:

- 1. Watch the song about comparing mass https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-cjPApFuGLM
- 2. Read about how we compare the mass of objects
- 3. Task 1: Use the greater than/less than and equals signs (crocodiles) to compare the objects on each of the scales. Write a sentence for each like: The pencil < the shoe
- 4. Task 2: Read the scales and use the greater than/less than and equals signs to compare the mass of each object.

Model:

1.



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-cjPApFuGLM

2. How do we compare the mass of objects?

When comparing the mass of objects, we use these words:

heavier and heaviest

lighter and lightest

We can use the symbols for more than and less than to compare the mass of objects.

For example:

The pencil < the shoe.

This is the same as writing:

The pencil is lighter than the shoe.



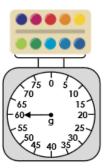
is equal to

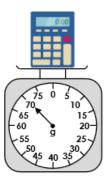
3.



The milk > the jam

4.



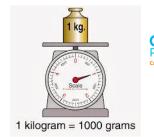


The calculator > the paints

# Canonbury Home Learning Year 2/3 Maths

### Main activity

Complete at least 2 columns, more if you can!





Task 1	Task 2
<u>Practice</u>	<u>Practice</u>
1.	75 0 5 70 10 65 15 60 20 55 9 20
2.	2. 25 55 9 25 55 50 35 25 50 45 40 35 25 50 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40
3.	150 0 10 140 20 130 30 120 kg/g 40 110 kg/g 50 100 60 90 80 70
4.	3. 25g 1kg
5.	4.
6.	500 0 100 400 200 300 300 200 kg/g 400 100 kg/g 500 1kg 600 900800700

# Canonbury Home Learning Task 3 Task 4 **Problem solving** Reasoning Explain your answers. 6a. Simon looks at the fruit on the scales above. He writes. The mass of two strawberries < the mass of the pear. One pear weighs 10 cubes. How many cubes will balance one pineapple? Is he correct? Explain your answer. Explain how you know. 2a. The carrots weigh more than the pen but less than the calculator. Their weight is a multiple of 10. What could the carrots weigh? 6b. Jenny looks at the fruit on the scales. She writes, The mass of the tomatoes > the mass 45g of the oranges. Write down 3 possibilities Is she correct? Explain your answer. ↭ 6b. If a rubber weighs 10g each and a 7a. Jacob and his friend are comparing sharpener weighs 5g each, how much the weights of their schoolbags. Jacob does one pair of scissors weigh? says his is heavier. Jacob Maisie 5kg 500g

Is he correct? Explain your answer.

# **Further Challenge!**

2. Use these clues to match the hamster, tortoise, rabbit and dog to the correct scales.

